



PRIVATE PILOT FLIGHT TRAINING SYLLABUS

(Student's Name)

REVISION DATE: SEP 2024

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this private pilot flight training syllabus is to provide the student and instructor a realistic plan of action meant to educate the student on all necessary aspects related to the student's development of airmanship skills. The Syllabus, in its present format, consists of 41 flights; each session is developed with the intent of building upon materials covered by the preceding session. The student and instructor should be aware that the syllabus can and shall be tailored to each individual student, and while some students will master all of the necessary skills within the 41 flights allotted, other students may require more time to master those skills, in this case, the lesson should be repeated until such time that it is mastered by the student. As all human beings learn differently through a multitude of approaches to the learning process, it is not only normal, but expected that virtually no two students will accelerate through the syllabus at the same pace. Be prepared to repeat some of these lessons to proficiency.

Each session should begin with a thorough and adequate preflight briefing during which the instructor will provide detailed information regarding the subject material of the flight. Additionally, the student should take advantage of this time to clarify and ask questions to confirm adequate understanding of the materials and tasks which lay ahead. I am a firm believer that the only stupid question is the one you fail to ask! So please do not hesitate to express questions, comments, and concerns to your instructor!

In the early phases of your flight training, you will learn the basic fundamentals of flight, maintaining positive control of the aircraft, learning the terminology of aviation, and mastering the basic duties of pilot in command. As these skills are mastered, you will move forward to more advanced maneuvers including maneuvers by reference to the ground and advanced air work. These maneuvers are intended to hone your skills and bring your control inputs to a point of being more harmonious. Once mastered, and you and your instructor have reached a point of comfort with skills, confidence, and your competency as a pilot, you will go through a phase of practicing what you have learned while operating the aircraft as the sole occupant, known as "solo" flight. When sufficient solo experience has been gained, you will train with your instructor on the points of planning and executing cross country flying to various destinations throughout the area.

The final phase of your training will focus on bringing together everything you have learned so that you can begin your final preparations for your "check ride" an event where you will demonstrate practical knowledge and piloting ability to a representative of the Federal Aviation Administration or a highly experienced instructor authorized to act as their designee. Once this check ride is complete, and the examining pilot is satisfied with your competence in the air, you will receive your private pilot's certificate!

This syllabus was developed through years of instructional experience and observation of various instruction techniques by me and other instructors as well as from the feedback of previous students. I am confident that it will help provide a road map to success that will lead you to certification as a pilot.

Good Luck! And blue skies!

John W. Sealey CFI CFII MEI

Briefing time:	10 minutes
Flight Time:	0.5 hrs
Debriefing Time:	10 minutes

Briefing focal points:

- ☐ Pitch, Roll, and Yaw, What is each and how are they controlled?
- ☐ Control surfaces and their function
- □ Sight Pictures for VFR flight, level, climb, descent
- ☐ Basic flight instruments and their indications
 - a. Attitude Indicator Information
 - b. Airspeed Indicator Indication and Color Coding
 - c. Altimeter Information

Procedures and maneuvers:

- □ Preflight Inspection
- ☐ Checklist Use
- □ Taxiing
- □ Normal Takeoff
- □ Climb sight picture
- ☐ Straight and level sight picture
- \square Level left and right turns
- □ Climbing turns
- □ Descent sight picture
- □ Descending turns
- □ Traffic Pattern Entry
- □ Normal Landing
- □ Post flight inspection / securing aircraft

- ☐ Read the Maneuver Guidebook focusing on the Slow Flight Maneuver
- Read Chapter one, and two of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook
- □ Log into the student portal and watch the Preflight Inspection Tutorial Video
- □ Log into the student portal and watch the TimeTree App Instructional Video
- □ Log into the student portal and watch the video "Human Factors in Flight"
- □ Log into the student portal and watch the video "Aircraft Systems"

Briefing t Flight Tin Debriefing	ne: $1.0 - 1.5 \text{ hrs}$
Briefing f	focal points:
	Relationship of Pitch to airspeed Relationship of Power to altitude Importance of checklist use for all procedures Slow Flight maneuver, set up and recovery Use of trim to alleviate control pressure Importance of division of attention Stall discussion
Procedur	es and maneuvers:
	Preflight Inspection Checklist Use AWOS / ATIS check Windsock indication Taxiing Normal Takeoff Climb sight picture Straight and level sight picture Level left and right turns Climbing turns Descent sight picture Descending turns Instructor Trim Demonstration Student Trim Demonstration Instructor Demonstrates Flight at various airspeeds Student Demonstrates Flight Maneuver Student Demonstrates Slow Flight Maneuver Instructor Demonstrates Maneuvering During Slow Flight Student Demonstrates Maneuvering During Slow Flight Traffic Pattern Entry Normal Landing Post flight inspection / securing aircraft
Debriefin	g Focal Points:
0	Common student errors during slow flight maneuvering a. Using power to increase or decrease speed – instead of pitch b. Using pitch to increase or decrease altitude – instead of power Relationship of bank to increased stall speed Purpose of the slow flight maneuver is to prepare the student for sensations experienced during
	landing, and to recognize the onset of extreme low airspeed & imminent stall. Other debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.
Recomme	ended Homework:
	Read the Maneuver Guidebook focusing on the Slow Flight Maneuver
	Read the Maneuver Guidebook focusing on Steep Turns
	Read the Maneuver Guidebook focusing on Power Off Stalls
	Read Chapter three, and four of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook
	Log into the student portal and read the SkySchool Article "Primer is a good thing until it isn't"
	Log into the student portal and watch the video "Basic Aerodynamics"

Briefing ti Flight Tim					
Debriefing					
	Briefing focal points:				
_	n de la constanta de				
	Relationship of Pitch to airspeed				
	Relationship of Power to altitude Importance of checklist use for all procedures				
	Slow Flight maneuver, set up and recovery				
	Steep Turn maneuver				
	Importance of focusing outside the airplane				
	Stall discussion				
	Load factor discussion				
	Radio communication				
Procedure	es and maneuvers:				
	Preflight Inspection				
	Checklist Use				
	AWOS / ATIS check				
	Windsock indication				
	Taxing				
	Normal Takeoff				
	Climb sight picture				
	Straight and level sight picture				
	Level left and right turns				
	Climbing turns				
	Descent sight picture				
	Descending turns				
	Instructor Trim Demonstration				
	Student Trim Demonstration				
	Student Demonstrates Flight at various airspeeds				
	Student Demonstrates Slow Flight Maneuver				
	Student Demonstrates Maneuvering during slow flight				
	Instructor Demonstrates Steep Turn				
	Student Demonstrates Steep Turn				
	Traffic Pattern Entry				
	Normal Landing				
	Post flight inspection / securing aircraft				
Debriefin	g Focal Points:				
	Common student among during slavy flight management				
	Common student errors during slow flight maneuvering				
	a. Using power to increase or decrease speed – instead of pitch				
	b. Using pitch to increase or decrease altitude – instead of power				
	Common student errors during steep turns				
	a. Over-reliance on instruments				
	b. failure to keep the eyes outside the airplane				
_	c. overbanking tendency				
	Relationship of bank to increased stall speed				
	Purpose of the slow flight maneuver is to prepare the student for sensations experienced during				
_	landing, and to recognize the onset of extreme low airspeed / imminent stall.				
	Purpose of the Steep Turn Maneuver is to give the student a feel for finer control of the aircraft in				
	turns, exposure to load factor as well as evasive maneuvering.				
	Other debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.				
Recomme	ended Homework:				
	Read the Maneuver Guidebook focusing on the Slow Flight Maneuver				
	Read the Maneuver Guidebook focusing on Steep Turns				
	Read the Maneuver Guidebook focusing on Power Off Stalls				
	Read Chapter Five of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook				
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Briefing to Flight Tin Debriefing	ne: $1.0 - 1.5 \text{ hrs}$
Briefing 1	focal points:
0 0 0	Slow Flight maneuver, set up and recovery Steep Turn maneuver Importance of focusing outside the airplane Power off stall discussion Critical Angle of attack Definition of a stall and situations where a stall may be encountered during normal operations a. During improper speed control on approach to landing b. During improper speed control on takeoff c. During abrupt recovery from a dive d. During a poorly executed go around e. During a poorly executed base to final turn Radio communication
	VFR traffic patterns
Procedur	es and maneuvers:
	Preflight Inspection
	Checklist Use
	AWOS / ATIS check
	Windsock indication
	Taxiing
	Normal Takeoff
	Climb sight picture
	Straight and level sight picture
	Level left and right turns
	Climbing turns
	Descent sight picture
	Descending turns
	Instructor Trim Demonstration
	Student Trim Demonstration
	Student Demonstrates Flight at various airspeeds
	Student Demonstrates Slow Flight Maneuver
	Student Demonstrates Maneuvering during slow flight
	Instructor Demonstrates Steep Turn
	Student Demonstrates Steep Turn
	Instructor Demonstrates Power Off Stall
	Student Demonstrates Power Off Stall
	Instructor Demonstrates Power On Stall
	Student Demonstrates Power On Stall
	Traffic Pattern Entry
	Normal Landing
	Post flight inspection / securing aircraft
<u>Debriefin</u>	g Focal Points:
	Common student errors during slow flight maneuvering
	Common student errors during slow hight maneuvering Common student errors during steep turns
	Common Student Errors during Steep turns Common Student Errors during Power Off Stall
	Relationship of bank to increased stall speed
	Purpose of the slow flight maneuver is to prepare the student for sensations experienced during
J	landing, and to recognize the onset of extreme low airspeed / imminent stall.

]	Review	previously	covered	maneuvers	in the	e Maneuver	Guidebook
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turns, exposure to load factor as well as evasive maneuvering.

should one be encountered during normal operations

□ Purpose of the Steep Turn Maneuver is to give the student a feel for finer control of the aircraft in

Purpose of the Power Off Stall Maneuver is to give the student the proper training for stall recovery

[□] Log into the student portal and watch the video "Communications and Avionics Basics"

Briefing time: 10 minutes Flight Time: 1.0 - 1.5 hrs Debriefing Time: 10 minutes

Briefing focal points:

The purpose of this flight is to allow	the student time to	build proficiency in	the maneuvers an	d procedures
already covered by previous lessons				

ш	Slow Flight maneuver, set up and recovery
	Steep Turn maneuver

- ☐ Importance of focusing outside the airplane
- ☐ Power off stall discussion
- ☐ Critical Angle of attack
- ☐ Definition of a stall and situations where a stall may be encountered during normal operations
 - a. During improper speed control on approach to landing
 - b. During improper speed control on takeoff
 - c. During abrupt recovery from a dive
 - d. During a poorly executed go around
 - e. During a poorly executed base to final turn
- ☐ Radio communication
- □ VFR traffic patterns

Procedures and maneuvers:

- □ Preflight Inspection
- ☐ Checklist Use
- □ AWOS / ATIS check
- □ Windsock indication
- □ Taxiing
- □ Normal Takeoff
- □ Climb sight picture
- ☐ Straight and level sight picture
- ☐ Level left and right turns
- □ Climbing turns
- □ Descent sight picture
- □ Descending turns
- ☐ Instructor Trim Demonstration
- □ Student Trim Demonstration
- ☐ Student Demonstrates Flight at various airspeeds
- □ Student Demonstrates Slow Flight Maneuver
- □ Student Demonstrates Maneuvering during slow flight
- ☐ Instructor Demonstrates Steep Turn
- ☐ Student Demonstrates Steep Turn
- ☐ Instructor Demonstrates Power Off Stall
- $\square \hspace{0.5cm} \textbf{Student Demonstrates Power Off Stall}$
- ☐ Instructor Demonstrates Power On Stall
- ☐ Student Demonstrates Power On Stall
- □ Traffic Pattern Entry
- □ Normal Landing
- \square Post flight inspection / securing aircraft

Debriefing Focal Points:

- Common student errors during slow flight maneuvering
- ☐ Common student errors during steep turns
- □ Common Student Errors during Power Off Stall
- ☐ Relationship of bank to increased stall speed
- Purpose of the slow flight maneuver is to prepare the student for sensations experienced during landing, and to recognize the onset of extreme low airspeed / imminent stall.
- □ Purpose of the Steep Turn Maneuver is to give the student a feel for finer control of the aircraft in turns, exposure to load factor as well as evasive maneuvering.
- Purpose of the Power Off Stall Maneuver is to give the student the proper training for stall recovery should one be encountered during normal operations
- \square Other debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.

Briefing focal points:

The purpose of this flight is to allow	the student time to by	uild proficiency in the r	naneuvers and procedures
already covered by previous lessons			

Slow Flight maneuver, set up and recovery
Steep Turn maneuver
Importance of focusing outside the airplane
Power off stall discussion
Critical Angle of attack
Definition of a stall and situations where a stall may be encountered during normal operations
a. During improper speed control on approach to landing
b. During improper speed control on takeoff
c. During abrupt recovery from a dive
d. During a poorly executed go around
e. During a poorly executed base to final turn
Radio communication
VFR traffic patterns

Procedures and maneuvers:

	Preflight Inspection
	Checklist Use
	AWOS / ATIS check
	Windsock indication
	Taxiing
	Normal Takeoff
	Climb sight picture
	Straight and level sight picture
	Level left and right turns
	Climbing turns
	Descent sight picture
	Descending turns
	Instructor Trim Demonstration
	Student Trim Demonstration
	Student Demonstrates Flight at various airspeeds
	Student Demonstrates Slow Flight Maneuver
	Student Demonstrates Maneuvering during slow flight
	Instructor Demonstrates Steep Turn
	Student Demonstrates Steep Turn
	Instructor Demonstrates Power Off Stall
	Student Demonstrates Power Off Stall
	Instructor Demonstrates Power On Stall
	Student Demonstrates Power On Stall
	Basic Fundamentals of control by reference to instruments
	Traffic Pattern Entry
	Normal Landing
	Post flight inspection / securing aircraft

Read the Maneuver Guidebook focusing on S-turns
Read the Maneuver Guidebook focusing on turns around a point
Read the Maneuver Guidebook focusing on rectangular course

Briefing time:	10 minutes
Flight Time:	1.0 - 1.5 hrs
Debriefing Time:	10 minutes

Briefing focal points:

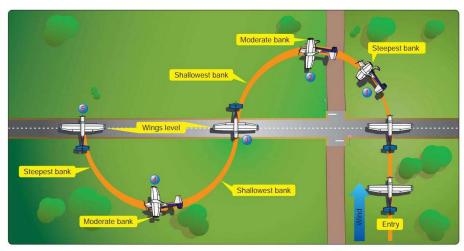
Review of previously discussed maneuvers
Introduction to S-Turns
Introduction to Turns around a point
Introduction to Rectangular Course
Purpose of Ground Ref maneuvers
a. To improve the student's coordination and mastery of the controls
b. To help the student recognize the effects of wind on ground track

Procedures and maneuvers:

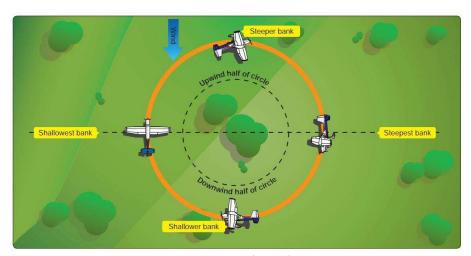
Preflight Inspection
Checklist Use
AWOS / ATIS check
Windsock indication
Taxiing
Normal Takeoff
Student Demonstrates Flight at various airspeeds
Student Demonstrates Slow Flight Maneuver
Student Demonstrates Maneuvering during slow flight
Student Demonstrates Steep Turn
Student Demonstrates Power Off Stall
Student Demonstrates Power On Stall
Basic Fundamentals of control by reference to instruments
Instructor Demonstrates S-Turns
Student Demonstrates S-Turns
Instructor Demonstrates turns around a point
Student Demonstrates turns around a point
Instructor Demonstrates Rectangular Course
Student Demonstrates Rectangular Course
Traffic Pattern Entry
Normal Landing
Post flight inspection / securing aircraft

- ☐ Review the following on the Maneuver Guidebook
 - S-turns
 - Rectangular Course
 - Turns around a point
 - Steep Turns
 - Power on and off stalls
 - Slow Flight

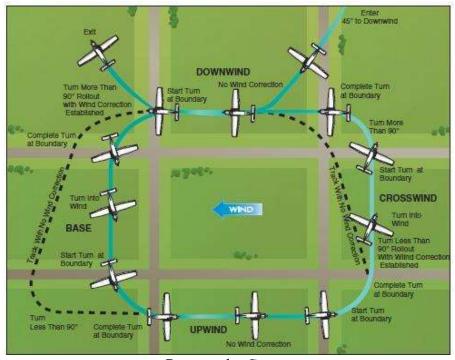
^{***}SEE GROUND REFERENCE MANEUVER ILLUSTRATIONS ON NEXT PAGE***



S-Turns



Turns around a Point



Rectangular Course

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D: -£: 4:		10 minutes
Briefing ti Flight Tin		10 minutes 1.0 – 1.5 hrs
Debriefing		10 minutes
Destruing	5 1	
Briefing f	ocal points:	
	Di £il	454
	Review of previously Introduction to S-Turn	
	Purpose of S-turns	10
	1	lent's coordination and mastery of the controls
		recognize the effects of wind on ground track
	Turns Around a point	
	a. To improve the stud	lent's coordination and mastery of the flight controls
	b. To help the student	recognize the effects of wind on ground track
Procedure	es and maneuvers:	
_	B 01 1 2	
	Preflight Inspection	
	Checklist Use	
	AWOS / ATIS check	
	Windsock indication	
	Taxiing	
	Normal Takeoff	Tili-1.4 -4i
		Flight at various airspeeds
		Slow Flight Maneuver Maneuvering during slow flight
	Student Demonstrates Student Demonstrates	
	Student Demonstrates	1
	Student Demonstrates	
	Instructor Demonstrat	
	Student Demonstrates	
		es turns around a point
	Student Demonstrates	
		es Rectangular Course
	Student Demonstrates	5
	Traffic Pattern Entry	
	Normal Landing	
	Post flight inspection	/ securing aircraft
Debriefin	g Focal Points:	
Denilellii	g rocai roints.	
	Common student erro	rs during s-turns
	a. Rolling into or out	
		tention between the road, the sight picture, and the instruments
	G . 1 .	

- Common student errors during turns around a point
 - a. students attempt to keep the wingtip pointed at the "point" which is not the purpose of the exercise
 - b. Failure to divide attention between the point, the sight picture, and the instruments
- $\hfill \Box$ Other debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.

- ☐ Read chapter six of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook
- $\hfill \square$ Review any maneuvers assigned by the CFI in the Maneuver Guidebook

<u>FLIG</u>	HT 09		Proficiency Flig
Briefing time: Flight Time: Debriefing Time:		10 minutes 1.0 – 1.5 hrs 10 minutes	
Deblicin	ig Time.	10 minutes	
Briefing	focal points:		
0	Introduction to S-Tu Purpose of S-turns a. To improve the stu b. To help the studer Turns Around a poin a. To improve the stu	ident's coordination and mastery of the control it recognize the effects of wind on ground trac	k controls
Procedu	res and maneuvers:		
	Preflight Inspection		
	Checklist Use		
	AWOS / ATIS check	•	
	Windsock indication	=	
	Taxiing		
	Normal Takeoff		
		es Flight at various airspeeds	
		es Slow Flight Maneuver	
		es Maneuvering during slow flight	
	Student Demonstrate		
	Student Demonstrate	1	
	Instructor Demonstra		
	Student Demonstrate		
		ates turns around a point	
		es turns around a point	
		ates Rectangular Course	
		es Rectangular Course	
	Traffic Pattern Entry		
	Normal Landing		
	Post flight inspection	n / securing aircraft	
<u>Debriefii</u>	ng Focal Points:		

- ☐ Common student errors during s-turns
 - a. Rolling into or out of the turn to abruptly
 - b. Failure to divide attention between the road, the sight picture, and the instruments
- Common student errors during turns around a point
 - a. students attempt to keep the wingtip pointed at the "point" which is not the purpose of the exercise
 - b. Failure to divide attention between the point, the sight picture, and the instruments
- Other debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.

- Review Normal Takeoffs and Landings in the Maneuver Guidebook Review Short Field Takeoffs and Landings in the Maneuver Guidebook
- Review Soft Field Takeoffs and Landings in the Maneuver Guidebook
- Log into the student portal and read the SkySchool Articles "The case against touch and go landings" as well as "Sterile cockpit and configuration changes on the roll"

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Briefing time:} & 10 \mbox{ minutes} \\ \mbox{Flight Time:} & 1.0 - 1.5 \mbox{ hrs} \\ \mbox{Debriefing Time:} & 10 \mbox{ minutes} \\ \end{array}$

Briefing focal points:

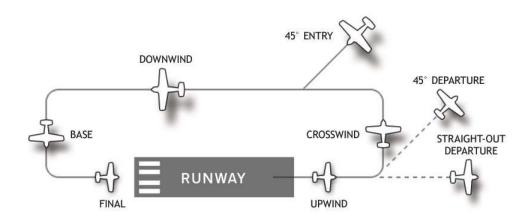
- □ VFR Traffic Patterns
- □ PAPI / VASI light indications
- □ Common student errors when landing
 - a. Focusing on the runway up close
 - b. Improper airspeed control on final
 - c. Too wide or too tight on the traffic pattern downwind leg
 - d. Over controlling the aircraft in the flare

Procedures and maneuvers:

- □ Preflight Inspection
- □ Checklist Use
- □ AWOS / ATIS check
- □ Windsock indication
- □ Taxiing
- □ Normal Takeoff
- □ Normal Traffic Pattern Operations
- □ Normal Landings / Touch and goes
- □ Post flight inspection / securing aircraft

Debriefing Focal Points:

☐ Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.



- ☐ Review Normal Takeoffs and Landings in the Maneuver Guidebook
- ☐ Review Short Field Takeoffs and Landings in the Maneuver Guidebook
- ☐ Review Soft Field Takeoffs and Landings in the Maneuver Guidebook

Briefing ti	ime: 10 mi	nutes
Flight Tim	ne: 1.0 –	1.5 hrs
Debriefing	g Time: 10 mi	nutes
Briefing focal points:		
_ _ _	VFR Traffic Patterns Go Around Procedure PAPI / VASI light indication Common student errors who a. Focusing on the runway u b. Improper airspeed control c. Too wide or too tight on t d. Over controlling the aircr	n landing p close on final ne traffic pattern downwind leg
Procedure	es and maneuvers:	
	Preflight Inspection	
	Checklist Use	
	AWOS / ATIS check	
	Windsock indication	
	Taxiing	
	Normal Takeoff	
	Normal Traffic Pattern Open	ations
	Normal Landings / Touch as	d goes
	Go Around / Missed Approx	ch / Balked Landing
	Post flight inspection / secur	ing aircraft
<u>Debriefin</u>	ng Focal Points:	
	Debriefing focal points are a	t the discretion of the instructor.
Recomme	ended Homework:	

□ Review Normal Takeoffs and Landings in the Maneuver Guidebook
 □ Review Short Field Takeoffs and Landings in the Maneuver Guidebook
 □ Review Soft Field Takeoffs and Landings in the Maneuver Guidebook
 □ Review go arounds in the Maneuver Guidebook
 □ Review Slips in the Maneuver Guidebook

Briefing time:	10 minutes
Flight Time:	1.0 - 1.5 hrs
Debriefing Time:	10 minutes

Briefing focal points:

- □ VFR Traffic Patterns
- ☐ Short Field Takeoff and Landing
- □ Soft Field Takeoff and Landing
- ☐ Go Around Procedure
- □ PAPI / VASI light indications
- ☐ Common student errors when landing
 - a. Focusing on the runway up close
 - b. Improper airspeed control on final
 - c. Too wide or too tight on the traffic pattern downwind leg
 - d. Over controlling the aircraft in the flare

Procedures and maneuvers:

- □ Preflight Inspection
- □ Checklist Use
- □ AWOS / ATIS check
- □ Windsock indication
- □ Taxiing
- □ Normal Takeoff
- □ Normal Traffic Pattern Operations
- □ Normal Landings / Touch and goes
- ☐ Go Around / Missed Approach / Balked Landing
- ☐ Short / Soft Field Takeoffs and Landings
- □ Post flight inspection / securing aircraft

- □ Review Normal Takeoffs and Landings in the Maneuver Guidebook
- ☐ Review Short Field Takeoffs and Landings in the Maneuver Guidebook
- ☐ Review Soft Field Takeoffs and Landings in the Maneuver Guidebook
- ☐ Review Go arounds in the Maneuver Guidebook
- $\square \quad \text{Review Slips in the Maneuver Guidebook}$

Briefing time:	10 minutes
Flight Time:	1.0 - 1.5 hrs
Debriefing Time:	10 minutes

Briefing focal points:

1 VED	Troffic	Patterns
I VFK	Trainc	Patterns

- ☐ Short Field Takeoff and Landing
- ☐ Soft Field Takeoff and Landing
- ☐ Go Around Procedure
- ☐ PAPI / VASI light indications
- ☐ Common student errors when landing
 - a. Focusing on the runway up close
 - b. Improper airspeed control on final
 - c. Too wide or too tight on the traffic pattern downwind leg
 - d. Over controlling the aircraft in the flare

Procedures and maneuvers:

- □ Preflight Inspection
- ☐ Checklist Use
- □ AWOS / ATIS check
- □ Windsock indication
- □ Taxiing
- □ Normal Takeoff
- □ Normal Traffic Pattern Operations
- □ Normal Landings / Touch and goes
- ☐ Go Around / Missed Approach / Balked Landing
- ☐ Short / Soft Field Takeoffs and Landings
- □ Post flight inspection / securing aircraft

- ☐ Review Normal Takeoffs and Landings in the Maneuver Guidebook
- ☐ Review Short Field Takeoffs and Landings in the Maneuver Guidebook
- ☐ Review Soft Field Takeoffs and Landings in the Maneuver Guidebook
- ☐ Review Go arounds in the Maneuver Guidebook
- ☐ Review Slips in the Maneuver Guidebook

Briefing	time:	10 minutes
Flight Ti	me:	1.0 - 1.5 hr
Debriefing Time:		10 minutes
Briefing	focal points:	
	VFR Traffic Pat	terns
	Go Around Proc	edure

- PAPI / VASI light indications
- Common student errors when landing
 - a. Focusing on the runway up close b. Improper airspeed control on final
 - c. Too wide or too tight on the traffic pattern downwind leg
 - d. Over controlling the aircraft in the flare

Procedures and maneuvers:

- Preflight Inspection
- Checklist Use
- AWOS / ATIS check
- Windsock indication
- Taxiing
- Normal Takeoff
- Normal Traffic Pattern Operations
- Normal Landings / Touch and goes
- Short and Soft Field Takeoffs and Landings
- Go Around / Missed Approach / Balked Landing
- Post flight inspection / securing aircraft

- Review Emergency Procedure Memory Items in the Maneuver Guidebook
- Review Emergency Descent in the Maneuver Guidebook
- Read Chapter Seven of the SkySchool Handbook

Briefing time:	10 minutes
Flight Time:	1.5 - 2.0 hrs
Debriefing Time:	10 minutes

Briefing focal points:

Emergency Procedure Memory Items
Emergency Procedure Check List Use
Proper Selection of Landing Site
Slow Flight maneuver, set up and recovery
Steep Turn maneuver
Importance of focusing outside the airplane
Power off stall discussion
Critical Angle of attack
Definition of a stall and situations where a stall may be encountered during normal operations
a. During improper speed control on approach to landing
1 7 1 1 1 1 00

- b. During improper speed control on takeoff
- c. During abrupt recovery from a dive
- d. During a poorly executed go around
- e. During a poorly executed base to final turn
- Radio communication
- VFR traffic patterns

Procedures and maneuvers:

Instructor: Inject the emergency procedure at least twice into this lesson, it is advisable to consciously work the flight so that the aircraft ends up almost directly over the airport at the time of the second engine failure without the student realizing he is over the airport, this will reinforce the importance of situational and positional awareness.

Preflight Inspection
Checklist Use
AWOS / ATIS check
Windsock indication
Taxiing
Normal Takeoff
Climb sight picture
Straight and level sight picture
Level left and right turns
Climbing turns
Descent sight picture
Descending turns
Student Demonstrates Flight at various airspeeds
Student Demonstrates Slow Flight Maneuver
Student Demonstrates Maneuvering during slow flight
Instructor Demonstrates Steep Turn
Student Demonstrates Steep Turn
Instructor Demonstrates Power Off Stall
Student Demonstrates Power Off Stall
Traffic Pattern Entry
Normal Landing
Short and Soft Field Takeoff and Landing
Post flight inspection / securing aircraft

Recommended Homework:

Review Emergency Procedure Memory Items in the Maneuver Guidebook
Review Emergency Descent in the Maneuver Guidebook

Review any additional maneuver or procedure as assigned by instructor

Briefing time:	10 minutes
Flight Time:	1.5 - 2.0 hrs
Debriefing Time:	10 minutes

Briefing	focal	points

Emergency Procedure Memory Items
Emergency Procedure Check List Use
Proper Selection of Landing Site
Slow Flight maneuver, set up and recovery
Steep Turn maneuver
Steep Spiral maneuver
Emergency Descent Maneuver
Importance of focusing outside the airplane
Power off stall discussion
Critical Angle of attack
Definition of a stall and situations where a stall may be encountered during normal operations
a. During improper speed control on approach to landing
b. During improper speed control on takeoff
c. During abrupt recovery from a dive
d. During a poorly executed go around
e. During a poorly executed base to final turn
Radio communication
VFR traffic patterns

Procedures and maneuvers:

Preflight Inspection
Checklist Use
AWOS / ATIS check
Windsock indication
Taxiing
Normal Takeoff
Climb sight picture
Straight and level sight picture
Level left and right turns
Climbing turns
Descent sight picture
Descending turns
Student Demonstrates Flight at various airspeeds
Student Demonstrates Slow Flight Maneuver
Student Demonstrates Maneuvering during slow fligh
Instructor Demonstrates Steep Turn
Student Demonstrates Steep Turn
Instructor Demonstrates Power Off Stall
Student Demonstrates Power Off Stall
Traffic Pattern Entry
Normal Landing
Short and Soft Field Takeoff and Landing

 \square Post flight inspection / securing aircraft

Review Emergency Procedure Memory Items in the Maneuver Guidebook
Review Emergency Descent in the Maneuver Guidebook
Review any additional maneuver or procedure as assigned by instructor
Study all items on the pre-solo written exam study guide

Briefing ti Flight Tim Debriefing	ne: $1.5 - 2.0 \text{ hrs}$
Briefing f	ocal points:
	Emergency Procedure Memory Items Emergency Procedure Check List Use Proper Selection of Landing Site Slow Flight maneuver, set up and recovery Steep Turn maneuver Steep Spiral maneuver Emergency descent maneuver Importance of focusing outside the airplane Power off stall discussion Critical Angle of attack Definition of a stall and situations where a stall may be encountered during normal operations a. During improper speed control on approach to landing b. During improper speed control on takeoff c. During abrupt recovery from a dive d. During a poorly executed go around e. During a poorly executed base to final turn Radio communication VFR traffic patterns
Instructor:	At this phase you should seriously assess the abilities of the student in preparation for their first solo. a. Is the student able to perform pilot duties with little CFI help? Yes No b. Are the student's landings safe and satisfactory in your opinion?
	☐ Yes ☐ No c. Is the student able to handle simulated emergencies in an organized and procedural manner? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Procedure	es and maneuvers:
	Preflight Inspection Checklist Use AWOS / ATIS check Windsock indication Taxiing Normal Takeoff Climb sight picture Straight and level sight picture Level left and right turns Climbing turns Descent sight picture Descending turns Instructor Trim Demonstration Student Trim Demonstration Student Demonstrates Flight at various airspeeds Student Demonstrates Slow Flight Maneuver Student Demonstrates Steep Turn Student Demonstrates Steep Turn Instructor Demonstrates Steep Turn Instructor Demonstrates Power Off Stall Student Demonstrates Power Off Stall Traffic Pattern Entry Normal Landing Short and Soft Field Takeoff and Landing Post flight inspection / securing aircraft
Debriefin	g Focal Points:
	Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.

Briefing ti Flight Tim Debriefing	e: $1.5 - 2.0 \text{ hrs}$
Briefing f	ocal points:
	Emergency Procedure Memory Items Emergency Procedure Check List Use Proper Selection of Landing Site Slow Flight maneuver, set up and recovery Steep Turn maneuver Importance of focusing outside the airplane Power off stall discussion Critical Angle of attack Definition of a stall and situations where a stall may be encountered during normal operations a. During improper speed control on approach to landing b. During improper speed control on takeoff c. During abrupt recovery from a dive d. During a poorly executed go around e. During a poorly executed base to final turn Radio communication VFR traffic patterns
Instructor:	At this phase you should seriously assess the abilities of the student in preparation for their first solo. a. Is the student able to perform pilot duties with little CFI help?
	b. Are the student's landings safe and satisfactory in your opinion? Yes No No No C. Is the student able to handle simulated emergencies in an organized and procedural manner? No
Procedure	es and maneuvers:
	Preflight Inspection Checklist Use AWOS / ATIS check Windsock indication Taxiing Normal Takeoff Climb sight picture Straight and level sight picture Level left and right turns Climbing turns Descent sight picture Descending turns Instructor Trim Demonstration Student Trim Demonstration Student Demonstrates Flight at various airspeeds Student Demonstrates Slow Flight Maneuver Student Demonstrates Maneuvering during slow flight Instructor Demonstrates Steep Turn Student Demonstrates Steep Turn Student Demonstrates Power Off Stall
<u>Debriefing</u>	g Focal Points:
	Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.
Recomme	nded Homework:
	Read Chapter eight of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook Review the Navigational Skillset Chapter of the Maneuver Guidebook

Briefing time:	10 minutes
Flight Time:	0.5 hrs
Debriefing Time:	20 minutes

Briefing focal points:

- Privileges and limitations of solo endorsement
- ☐ Required Documents on board for solo flight
 - a. Logbook
 - b. Medical
 - c. Photo ID
 - d. Student Pilot Certificate

Procedures and maneuvers:

Student: For the first solo flight you should conduct approximately 3 to 5 touch and go landings under the instructor's supervision.

□ Normal Touch and Go Landings

Debriefing Focal Points:

- ☐ Any questions, comments and concerns should be directed to the instructor.
- □ Commemoration

Briefing time:	10 minutes
Flight Time:	1.0 - 1.5 hrs
Debriefing Time:	10 minutes

Briefing focal points:

- ☐ Instructor Assignment of Maneuvers and Procedures
- ☐ Required Documents on board for solo flight
 - a. Logbook
 - b. Medical
 - c. Photo ID
 - d. Student Pilot Certificate

Procedures and maneuvers:

- ☐ As assigned by instructor
- ☐ If not assigned any maneuvers or procedures specifically, try these
- □ Slow Flight
- □ Steep Turns
- □ S-Turns
- ☐ Turns around a point
- □ Touch and goes

Debriefing Focal Points:

 \square Any questions, comments and concerns should be directed to the instructor.

Briefing t	
Flight Tii	
Debriefin	g Time: 10 minutes
Briefing	focal points:
	Instructor Assignment of Maneuvers and Procedures Required Documents on board for solo flight a. Logbook b. Medical c. Photo ID d. Student Pilot Certificate
Procedu	res and maneuvers:
	As assigned by instructor
	If not assigned any maneuvers or procedures specifically, try these
	Slow Flight
	Steep Turns
	S-Turns
	Turns around a point
	Touch and goes

□ Read Chapter nine of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook

Briefing time:	10 minutes
Flight Time:	1.0 – 1.5 hrs
Debriefing Time:	10 minutes
Briefing focal points:	
☐ Instructor Ass	ignment of Maneuvers and Procedures
☐ Required Doc	uments on board for solo flight
a. Logbook	
b. Medical	
c. Photo ID	
d. Student Pilo	of Certificate
Procedures and maneuv	ers:
☐ As assigned by	y instructor
☐ If not assigned	any maneuvers or procedures specifically, try these
☐ Slow Flight	
□ Steep Turns	
□ S-Turns	
☐ Turns around	a point
☐ Touch and goo	es
Debriefing Focal Points	<u>:</u>

 $\begin{array}{ll} \square & \text{Any questions, comments and concerns should be directed to the instructor} \\ \square & \text{Read Chapter ten and eleven of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook.} \end{array}$

Briefing time:	10 minutes
Flight Time:	1.0 - 1.5 hrs
Debriefing Time:	10 minutes
Briefing focal points:	
	t of Maneuvers and Procedures on board for solo flight
Procedures and maneuvers:	
☐ As assigned by instru	ctor
☐ If not assigned any man	aneuvers or procedures specifically, try these
□ Slow Flight	
☐ Steep Turns	
□ S-Turns	
☐ Turns around a point	
☐ Touch and goes	
Recommended Homework:	
☐ Review Emergency D	Descent in the Maneuver Guidebook
☐ Log into student porta	al and watch the video "Navigation and Flight Planning"
☐ Log into student pora	and watch the video "Use of the E6B Flight Computer"
☐ Log into student porta	al and read SkySchool article "Cockpit organization for the general aviation

Read chapter fifteen of the SkySchool Private Pilot Manual

Review any additional maneuver or procedure as assigned by instructor

Briefing time:	45 minutes
Flight Time:	2.5 - 3.5 hrs
Debriefing Time:	10 minutes

Briefing focal points:

- □ Preflight Weather Briefing□ Cross Country Flight Planning
- □ E6B use
- □ ATC Flight Following□ Filing Flight Plans

Procedures and maneuvers:

- □ Preflight Inspection
- ☐ Checklist Use
- □ AWOS / ATIS check
- □ Windsock indication
- □ Taxiing
- □ Normal Takeoff
- ☐ Cruise Check List
- ☐ Check Point Timing
- □ VOR Navigation
- ☐ GPS Navigation
- □ Pilotage Dead Reckoning
- □ Pattern Entry Procedures
- □ Radio Uses at other airports

Debriefing Focal Points:

- \square Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.
- □ CLOSE FLIGHT PLAN

- ☐ Read Chapter thirteen of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook
- ☐ Review the Navigational Skillset Chapter of the Maneuver Guidebook

Briefing ti Flight Tim Debriefing	ne: $2.5 - 3.5 \text{ hrs}$	
Differing 1	ocai points.	
	Preflight Weather Briefing Cross Country Flight Planning E6B use VOR localization of position ATC Flight Following Filing of Flight Plans	
Procedure	es and maneuvers:	
	Preflight Inspection	
	Checklist Use	
	AWOS / ATIS check	
	Windsock indication	
	Taxiing	
	Normal Takeoff	
	Cruise Check List	
	Check Point Timing	
	VOR Navigation	
	VOR localization of position	
	GPS Navigation	
	Pilotage Dead Reckoning	
	Pattern Entry Procedures	
	Radio Uses at other airports	
<u>Debriefing Focal Points:</u>		
	Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.	
	CLOSE FLIGHT PLAN	
Recomme	ended Homework:	

Read Chapter fourteen of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook Review the Navigational Skillset Chapter of the Maneuver Guidebook

(Departure from home field, two stops with return to home field)

D: # .:	45	
Briefing time:	45 minutes	
Flight Time:	2.5 - 3.5 hrs	
Debriefing Time:	10 minutes	
Briefing focal points:		
_		

- ☐ Preflight Weather Briefing
 - ☐ Cross Country Flight Planning
 - □ E6B use
 - □ ATC Flight Following
 - ☐ Filing of Flight Plans
 - □ VOR localization of position
 - □ Lost Procedures
 - a. Climb, Conserve, Communicate, Confess, Comply
 - b. 121.5
 - c. VOR localization of position
 - d. Divert to alternate
 - e. Estimation of fuel aboard

Procedures and maneuvers:

- □ Preflight Inspection
- □ Checklist Use
- □ AWOS / ATIS check
- □ Windsock indication
- □ Taxiing
- □ Normal Takeoff
- □ Cruise Check List
- □ Check Point Timing
- □ VOR Navigation
- □ VOR localization of position
- □ Lost Procedures
- □ Divert to alternate airport
- ☐ GPS Navigation
- ☐ Pilotage Dead Reckoning
- ☐ Pattern Entry Procedures
- ☐ Radio Uses at other airports

Debriefing Focal Points:

- □ Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.
- □ CLOSE FLIGHT PLAN

- $\hfill \square$ Review Chapter one of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook
- ☐ Review Chapter fourteen of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook

FLIGHT 27 Night Navigation Problem #1 (Depart home field, fly to destination 100 nm or more distant and return)

Briefing ti	me: 45 minutes	
Flight Tim		
Debriefing	g Time: 10 minutes	
Briefing f	ocal points:	
	Preflight Weather Briefing Cross Country Flight Planning Night Planning considerations E6B use ATC Flight Following Filing of Flight Plans VOR localization of position Lost Procedures a. Climb, Conserve, Communicate, Confess, Comply b. 121.5 c. VOR localization of position d. Divert to alternate e. Estimation of fuel aboard	
Procedure	es and maneuvers:	
	Night Dueflight Ingression	
	Night Preflight Inspection Checklist Use	
	AWOS / ATIS check	
	Windsock indication	
	Taxiing Normal Takeoff	
_		
	Cruise Check List	
	Check Point Timing	
	VOR Navigation	
	VOR localization of position	
	Lost Procedures	
	Divert to alternate airport	
	GPS Navigation	
	Pilotage Dead Reckoning	
	Simulate electrical failure by dimming interior lights	
	Pattern Entry Procedures	
	Complete at least 10 takeoffs and landings to a full stop	
	Radio Uses at other airports	
Debriefing	g Focal Points:	
	Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.	
n	CLOSE FLIGHT PLAN	

Recommended Homework:

☐ Review the Navigational Skillset Chapter of the Maneuver Guidebook

FLIGHT 28 Night Navigation Problem #2 (depart home field, fly to 3 points, 250 nm total distance and return home)

Briefing ti Flight Tin Debriefing	ne: $2.5 - 3.5 \text{ hrs}$	
Briefing f	ocal points:	
	Preflight Weather Briefing Cross Country Flight Planning Night Planning considerations E6B use ATC Flight Following Filing of Flight Plans VOR localization of position Lost Procedures a. Climb, Conserve, Communicate, Confess, Comply b. 121.5 c. VOR localization of position d. Divert to alternate e. Estimation of fuel aboard	
Procedur	es and maneuvers:	
	Night Preflight Inspection Checklist Use AWOS / ATIS check Windsock indication Taxiing Normal Takeoff Cruise Check List Check Point Timing VOR Navigation VOR localization of position Lost Procedures Divert to alternate airport GPS Navigation Pilotage Dead Reckoning Simulate electrical failure by dimming interior lights Pattern Entry Procedures Complete at least 10 takeoffs and landings to a full stop Radio Uses at other airports	
Debriefing Focal Points:		
	Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor. CLOSE FLIGHT PLAN	

□ Review Chapter nine of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook Read Chapter sixteen of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook

(Repeat to proficiency)

Briefing time: 15 minutes Flight Time: 1.5 - 2.0 hrs Debriefing Time: 10 minutes

Briefing focal points:

- □ Tower Communications, airspace, light gun signals
- All Private Pilot Applicants must demonstrate proficiency in Class D and Class C airspace
- □ All Private Pilot Applicants must obtain a clearance to enter Bravo airspace but will not be required to land at a Class Bravo Airport (Must only traverse airspace on cross country etc)
- □ NOTE: Private pilot applicants who will be transitioning into either IFR, or commercial training MUST develop solo proficiency for Delta airspace, and must have completed at least one dual landing at a Class Charlie, and a Class Bravo airport or a towered airport underlying class Bravo Airspace. Airport fees will only be covered by the flight school during the first Bravo or Charlie flight. Students requesting additional trips to Charlie or Bravo airports will be responsible for airport fees.

Procedures and maneuvers:

- ☐ Preflight Inspection
- ☐ Checklist Use
- □ Taxiing
- □ Normal Takeoff
- □ Pattern Entry Procedures
- Radio Uses at towered airports

Debriefing Focal Points:

☐ Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.







(Repeat to proficiency)

Briefing time: 15 minutes Flight Time: 1.5 - 2.0 hrs Debriefing Time: 10 minutes

Briefing focal points:

- □ Tower Communications, airspace, light gun signals
- All Private Pilot Applicants must demonstrate proficiency in Class D and Class C airspace
- □ All Private Pilot Applicants must obtain a clearance to enter Bravo airspace but will not be required to land at a Class Bravo Airport (Must only traverse airspace on cross country etc)
- □ NOTE: Private pilot applicants who will be transitioning into either IFR, or commercial training MUST develop solo proficiency for Delta airspace, and must have completed at least one dual landing at a Class Charlie, and a Class Bravo airport or a towered airport underlying class Bravo Airspace. Airport fees will only be covered by the flight school during the first Bravo or Charlie flight. Students requesting additional trips to Charlie or Bravo airports will be responsible for airport fees.

Procedures and maneuvers:

- □ Preflight Inspection
- ☐ Checklist Use
- □ Taxiing
- □ Normal Takeoff
- □ Pattern Entry Procedures
- Radio Uses at towered airports

Debriefing Focal Points:

☐ Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.

- ☐ Review Chapter thirteen of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook
- ☐ Read Chapter twelve of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook
- ☐ Review the Navigational Skillset Chapter of the Maneuver Guidebook







(Depart home airport, stop at three other airports, and return to home airport)

Briefing time:	45 minutes
Flight Time:	3.0 hrs
Debriefing Time:	10 minutes

Briefing focal points:

- ☐ Instructor Must Inspect flight planning
- Instructor Must endorse logbook and medical for specific cross-country flight
- ☐ Discuss Refueling Stops & Fuel Management Plan
- □ Lost Procedures
 - a. Climb, Conserve, Communicate, Confess, Comply
 - b. 121.5
 - c. VOR localization of position
 - d. Divert to alternate
 - e. Estimation of fuel aboard

Procedures and maneuvers:

- □ Preflight Inspection
- □ Checklist Use
- □ Taxiing
- □ Normal Takeoff
- □ Cruise Check List
- ☐ Check Point Timing
- □ VOR localization of position
- ☐ GPS Navigation
- ☐ Pilotage Dead Reckoning
- □ Pattern Entry Procedures
- □ Radio Uses at other airports

Debriefing Focal Points:

 $\hfill \square$ Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.

(Depart home airport, stop at three other airports, and return to home airport)

Briefing time:	45 minutes
Flight Time:	3.0 hrs
Debriefing Time:	10 minutes

Briefing focal points:

- ☐ Instructor Must Inspect flight planning
- Instructor Must endorse logbook and medical for specific cross-country flight
- ☐ Discuss Refueling Stops & Fuel Management Plan
- ☐ Lost Procedures
 - a. Climb, Conserve, Communicate, Confess, Comply
 - b. 121.5
 - c. VOR localization of position
 - d. Divert to alternate
 - e. Estimation of fuel aboard

Procedures and maneuvers:

- □ Preflight Inspection
- □ Checklist Use
- □ Taxiing
- □ Normal Takeoff
- □ Cruise Check List
- ☐ Check Point Timing
- □ VOR localization of position
- ☐ GPS Navigation
- ☐ Pilotage Dead Reckoning
- □ Pattern Entry Procedures
- □ Radio Uses at other airports

Debriefing Focal Points:

 $\hfill \square$ Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.

(Operations into and out of class D airport)

Briefing time:	15 minutes
Flight Time:	1.5 - 2.0 hrs
Debriefing Time:	10 minutes

Briefing focal points:

□ Tower Communications

Procedures and maneuvers:

- □ Preflight Inspection
- □ Checklist Use
- □ Taxiing
- □ Normal Takeoff
- □ Pattern Entry Procedures
- □ Radio Uses at towered airports

Debriefing Focal Points:

 \square Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.

(Solo operations at class D airport)

Briefing time: Flight Time: Debriefing Time:		15 minutes 1.5 – 2.0 hrs
		10 minutes
Briefing	focal points:	
	Tower Commun	nications

Procedures and maneuvers:

Preflight Inspection
Checklist Use
Taxiing
Normal Takeoff
Pattern Entry Procedures
Radio Uses at towered airports

Debriefing Focal Points:

 \square Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.

Recommended Homework:

□ Read the basic attitude instrument flying section of the Maneuver Guidebook
 □ Review Chapter twelve of the SkySchool Private Pilot Handbook

Student Must complete 5 stop and go landings at the towered airport

- Review the instrument Skillset Chapter of the Maneuver Guidebook
- ☐ Log into student portal and watch the video "The flight instruments"

Briefing time: 15 minutes		inutes	
Flight Tim	ne: 1.0 –	1.5 hrs	
Debriefing Time: 10 minutes		inutes	
Briefing f	focal points:		
	IFR operations		
	Basics of IFR flight		
	Unusual attitude recognition and recovery		
	Instrument reliance and ignoring bodily indications		
Procedure	es and maneuvers:		
	Preflight Inspection		
	Checklist Use		
	Taxiing		
	Normal Takeoff		
	Straight and level under the hood		
	Basic turns under the hood		
	180° turns under the hood		
	Climbing and descending turns under the hood		
	Straight and level descents under the hood		
	Timed turns		
	Partial Panel Flight		
	Unusual Attitude Recovery		
	Pattern Entry Procedures		
	Normal takeoff and landing		
Debriefing Focal Points:			
	Debriefing focal points are	at the discretion of the instructor.	
Recomme	Recommended Homework:		
	Study the private pilot oral	exam guide	

☐ Any maneuver guide assignment as per the instructor

15 minutes

Briefing ti			
Flight Tin			
Debriefing	g Time: 10 minutes		
Briefing f	ocal points:		
	IFR operations		
	Basics of IFR flight		
	Instrument reliance and ignoring bodily indications		
Procedure	es and maneuvers:		
	Preflight Inspection		
	Checklist Use		
	Taxiing		
	Normal Takeoff		
	Straight and level under the hood		
	Basic turns under the hood		
	180° turns under the hood		
	Climbing and descending turns under the hood		
	Straight and level descents under the hood		
	Timed turns		
	Partial Panel Flight		
	Unusual Attitude Recovery		
	Pattern Entry Procedures		
	Normal takeoff and landing		
<u>Debriefin</u>	g Focal Points:		
	Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.		
Recommended Homework:			

☐ Study the private pilot oral exam guide
 ☐ Any maneuver guide assignment as per the instructor

Briefing time: Flight Time: Debriefing Time:		inutes 1.5 hrs inutes			
Briefing fo	Briefing focal points:				
	IFR operations Basics of IFR flight Instrument reliance and ignoring bodily indications Unusual attitudes and recovery procedures				
Procedures and maneuvers:					
	Preflight Inspection				
	Checklist Use				
	Taxiing				
	Normal Takeoff				
	Straight and level under the hood				
	Basic turns under the hood				
	180° turns under the hood				
	Climbing and descending turns under the hood				
	Straight and level descents under the hood				
	Timed turns				
	Partial Panel Flight				
	Unusual Attitude Recovery				
	Pattern Entry Procedures				
	Normal takeoff and landing				
Debriefing Focal Points:					
	Debriefing focal points are	at the discretion of the instructor.			
Recommended Homework:					

Study the private pilot oral exam guide

 \square Study the private pilot oral exam guide

Briefing to Flight Tin				
Debriefing				
Briefing f	focal points:			
	Simulated Oral Exam			
Procedur	es and maneuvers:			
	Preflight Inspection			
	Checklist Use			
	AWOS / ATIS check			
	Taxing			
	Normal Takeoff			
	Normal Landing			
	Soft Field Takeoff			
	Soft Field Landing			
	Short Field Takeoff			
	Short Field Landing			
	Normal Takeoff with Departure on Cross Country Route			
	Student Locates First Two Check Points			
	Student Demonstrates Slow Flight Maneuver			
	Student Demonstrates Maneuvering during slow flight			
	Student Demonstrates Steep Turns			
	Student Demonstrates Power Off Stall			
	Student Demonstrates S-Turns			
	Student Demonstrates Turns around a point			
	Student Demonstrates Rectangular Course			
	Engine Failure Procedure			
	Hood Work			
	a. Straight and Level Flight			
	b. Left and Right Turns			
	c. 180 degree turns			
	d. VOR tracking			
	e. Unusual Attitude Recovery			
	Traffic Pattern Entry			
	Normal Landing without flaps (Demonstrates Slip to Landing			
	Post flight inspection / securing aircraft			
Debriefin	g Focal Points:			
	Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.			
	- ·			

 \square Study the private pilot oral exam guide

Briefing t			
Flight Tin			
Debriefin	g Time: 10 minutes		
Briefing t	focal points:		
	Simulated Oral Exam		
Procedur	res and maneuvers:		
	Preflight Inspection		
	Checklist Use		
	AWOS / ATIS check		
	Taxing		
	Normal Takeoff		
	Normal Landing		
	Soft Field Takeoff		
	Soft Field Landing		
	Short Field Takeoff		
	Short Field Landing		
	Normal Takeoff with Departure on Cross Country Route		
	Student Locates First Two Check Points		
	Student Demonstrates Slow Flight Maneuver		
	Student Demonstrates Maneuvering during slow flight		
	Student Demonstrates Steep Turns		
	Student Demonstrates Power Off Stall		
	Student Demonstrates S-Turns		
	Student Demonstrates Turns around a point		
	Student Demonstrates Rectangular Course		
	Engine Failure Procedure		
	Hood Work		
	a. Straight and Level Flight		
	b. Left and Right Turns		
	c. 180 degree turns		
	d. VOR tracking		
	e. Unusual Attitude Recovery		
	Traffic Pattern Entry		
	Normal Landing without flaps (Demonstrates Slip to Landing		
	Post flight inspection / securing aircraft		
Debriefin	g Focal Points:		
	Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.		

 \square Study the private pilot oral exam guide

Briefing time: Flight Time:		- 2.0 hrs - 2.0 hrs			
Debriefing Time:		ninutes			
Briefing f	focal points:				
	Simulated Oral Exam				
Procedure	es and maneuvers:				
	Preflight Inspection				
	Checklist Use				
	AWOS / ATIS check				
	Taxiing				
	Normal Takeoff				
	Normal Landing				
	Soft Field Takeoff				
	Soft Field Landing				
	Short Field Takeoff				
	Short Field Landing				
	Normal Takeoff with Departure on Cross Country Route				
	Student Locates First Two Check Points				
	Student Demonstrates Slow Flight Maneuver				
	Student Demonstrates Maneuvering during slow flight				
	Student Demonstrates Steep Turns				
	Student Demonstrates Power Off Stall				
	Student Demonstrates S-Turns				
	Student Demonstrates Turns around a point				
	Student Demonstrates Rectangular Course				
	Engine Failure Procedure				
	Hood Work				
	a. Straight and Level Flight	t			
	b. Left and Right Turns				
	c. 180 degree turns				
	d. VOR tracking				
_	e. Unusual Attitude Recove	ery			
	Traffic Pattern Entry				
		aps (Demonstrates Slip to Landing)			
	Post flight inspection / secu	iring aircraπ			
Debriefing Focal Points:					
	Debriefing focal points are	at the discretion of the instructor.			

☐ Study the private pilot oral exam guide

ime: $1.5 - 2.0 \text{ hrs}$		
ne: 1.5 – 2.0 hrs		
g Time: 10 minutes		
focal points:		
Simulated Oral Exam		
es and maneuvers:		
Preflight Inspection		
Checklist Use		
AWOS / ATIS check		
Taxing		
Normal Takeoff		
Normal Landing		
Soft Field Takeoff		
Soft Field Landing		
Short Field Takeoff		
Short Field Landing		
Normal Takeoff with Departure on Cross Country Route		
Student Locates First Two Check Points		
Student Demonstrates Slow Flight Maneuver		
Student Demonstrates Maneuvering during slow flight		
Student Demonstrates Steep Turns		
Student Demonstrates Power Off Stall		
Student Demonstrates S-Turns		
Student Demonstrates Turns around a point		
Student Demonstrates Rectangular Course		
Engine Failure Procedure		
Hood Work		
a. Straight and Level Flight		
b. Left and Right Turns		
c. 180 degree turns		
d. VOR tracking		
e. Unusual Attitude Recovery		
Traffic Pattern Entry		
Normal Landing without flaps (Demonstrates Slip to Landing		
Post flight inspection / securing aircraft		
g Focal Points:		
Debriefing focal points are at the discretion of the instructor.		

